RAH! RAH! RADIO

BY RAFE GIBBS



The coed is chief engineer of Cornell's station WVBR (Voice of the Big Red). She's repairing the equipment

HE most insolent, idealistic, raucous, sentimental, daring, conservative industry in the nation today is college radio. It is also

the poorest financially and the fastest-growing.

If anybody would like to argue any one of these points, welcome, welcome. The Intercollegiate Broadcasting System, operated by students and for students on campuses all over the country, thrives on argument. Choose your own side, pro or con, on any question; name your own weapon, reason or roughhouse. The collegians are virtuosos of persuasion.

When certain Yale men felt that the Princeton campus radio was presenting the football situation in an unfair, or unfavorable-to-Yale light, they took the argument into the enemy's territory.

They drove to Princeton, deployed into scouting and attacking parties, tiptoed into the WPRU studio, strong-armed the eight persons they found there, including the announcer, engineer and commentator, lashed them to chairs, placed their own previously prepared platter of football commentary on the turntable, and predicted to the shocked radio listeners of Princeton that Yale would win Satur-

day's game-which, as it happened, Yale did.
But within minutes after the offending platter began to grind, Princeton listeners came to the rescue, pouring out of houses all over the campus. In a soulsatisfying riot, they roughed up the invaders and threw them out. The next week a giant "P" was burned into the grass at Yale's stadium.

Of course from an elderly point of view, all that was proved by this melee was that boys will be boys.

But sometimes the college radio boy devote their talents to higher purposes, away at campus problems, they work tolerance, they try high-minded experim sic and the drama, and some but not tackle national and international affairs

The radio talent of Brigham Your sity, Provo, Utah, protested the high pr books in a little skit entitled The Presid-Freshman (no connection intended with ber of their own faculty). A part of the ran something like this:

President Slushbottom: Now, my bo thing you must do is buy textbooks. My boy: Yes, sir.

President Slushbottom: You will no ogy I, by Slushbottom, \$4; Sociology M. by Slushbottom, \$5; Sociology Made I Slushbottom, \$4; and Sociology, by \$1 \$6, a comprehensive work. Got those

boy?

My boy: Yes, sir, but...

President Slushbottom: You can stop

I know what you were going you cannot buy these books secondhand. try to sell them at the end of the year. A every year, that's the Slushbottom way. think I can live on my salary, do you?

Professors in some colleges objected t spread custom of broadcasting Music to expressing doubt as to the compatibilit with mental effort. But the Intercolleg

Men from Brown and girls from Pembroke College demonstrate a studio technique that is informal, fresh, strictly collegiate. In a round-table session over Brown's WBRU, students discussed birth control



At Brown the "underground" radio is only a proble ies, not politics. This group is checking transmi



The Intercollegiate Broadcasting System has very little money, limited facilities and a small audience. But it is the fastest-growing and freest-talking network in the nation

PHOTOGRAPHS FOR COLLIER'S BY CLAUDE HUSTON

m lined up a galaxy of psychologists on proved, for working purposes, that muather than hindered study. Classical s, not dance music.

BRU of Brown University invited dequestion: Should Brown students be to eat in college mess halls? The result such a resounding "No!" accompanied marks about college food, that the adgree up all attempts to legislate constites.

opetites.

VBR of Cornell University came to the confraternity students who claimed they crimination in the matter of getting deat football games. The system of seat was revised.

fians, in a series of round-table interfaculty members, asked the president, W. Dodds: "Does Princeton discrimi-Negroes on admissions?"

of the president.

g that it was curious that there were regrees in a student body of 3,500, a red why applications for admission cartion as to race. Not, the president said, as of discrimination.

was said on the subject. But WPRUith interest that next year's application tot ask about race.

won a minor victory over college regunits series of programs dazzlingly but y entitled Sex after Six. The idea was the "all out by six" rule for women visiting in men's dormitories. The students, contending that 6 P.M. was too early to break up a cocktail party, plugged for an extension to 9 P.M. The college authorities compromised on 7 P.M.

College radio was born at Brown University in 1936, when David Borst and George Abraham hooked up low-power transmitters to interdormitory heating pipes. Within a few years 12 more colleges established stations, applying the technique now generally in use, of hooking up to regular electric wires. In 1940 these stations formed the Intercollegiate Broadcasting System, a strong central organization with headquarters in New York, on which any college may call for belp in solving its radio problems. David Linton is its only full-time officer, but many professionals, including the two Brown men who started the whole thing, are on call.

After the slowdown of the war, college radio has picked up again. It is twice as big a thing today as it was a year ago, and it promises to be twice as big again by this time next year. It now reaches more than 100,000 listeners through broadcasting stations in 32 colleges and universities scattered through the country. IBS reports that 20 more stations will go on the air in September.

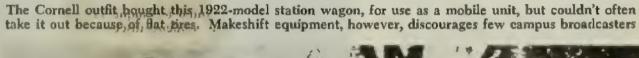
In addition IBS has 18 more "trial" members, whose stations are under construction. Plus applications for membership and calls for technical help from many more student groups. Plus plans for regional, national and finally international hookups with students all over the world.

College radio has limitless ambition. It even hopes, by grace of sponsors, (Continued on page 52)



Students are often interviewed on the campus. Questions can be more controversial than commercial radio allows

Cayuga's waters an on-the-spot crew from WVBR te treetops to broadcast the Cornell boat race











Puerto Rican Rum - White Label-86 proof - Gold Label-86 proof - Schenley Import Corp., New York

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to become self-supporting, a happy state artists, and the symphony orc already achieved by a few of its mem-Local advertisers—restaurants, florists, barbers, hairdressers, clothes shops—gladly buy collegiate air time. A few national advertisers have done the same, with good results.

The joyful thing about college radio is that it can do practically anything it pleases—from defying the laws of physics in its homemade transmitting equipment to discussing birth control on the air. (In a round-table discussion two men from Brown and two girls from Pembroke College concluded that there was no insurmountable objection to birth control.) College radio can and sometimes does commit the crime of crimes in radio, which is, keep silence. This happens when somebody loses the key to the studio, or when a turntable quits turning, or when the announcer of the Wake-Up Club sleeps through the alarm.

Perfect Freedom from Taboos

Since college stations are nonprofit, low-power, short-range outfits, they don't have to have Federal Communications Commission licenses. Since they don't cater to kiddies or elderly citizens with blue-law ideas, they are free from most of the taboos that restrain freedom of speech on the commercial air. They can use swear words when the script calls for them, and motherhood, to them, is not necessarily sacred in the manner of the soap operas. Actually in some college scripts Mother is depicted as a selfish old harridan.

Since the college stations are not officially speaking for the college to the community at large, but are simply talking amongst themselves on the campus, the college authorities generally give them their head. Since everybody works for free and there is no pay roll to meet, they can, if they wish, display an Olympian indifference toward would-be sponsors. Harvard's station said "No, thanks," to an offer of a popular cigarette commercial, because Harvard simply can't stand singing commercials. Brigham Young declined the same commercial because the Mormons who run the school don't believe in smoking.

Most stations broadcast at least one hour of classical music a day, from records. They also arrange for as many "live" long-hair musical events as they can—such as the concert series at Cornell featuring Marian Anderson and other

chapel choir programs at Pri

The great musical event of will be a 26-week series of now being prepared by IBS college stations.

Robert Landon, a Boston music graduate (and a S campus radio-station alumnus Europe interviewing young and composers in each major of also arranging for recording major works. His comments works will be put onto 26 p distribution to all IBS men

Every collegiate little t dramatic workshop gets its ti air, preferably with original pl again the lack of taboos encou duction. Ernest Kinoy, a stud lumbia University, New York, of his scripts to commercial one fine script of his which wa on Columbia University's W not salable commercially bec subject-the effect of a nati acted law of religious persecut. called Dream into Egypt.

Station KUOI at the Un Idaho is experimenting with plays, putting on one act each

Most stations, in imitation of mercials, have inquiring repor quiz shows, bingo shows and ticipation stunt shows.

Their weakest point seems news and comment on news. stations have regular news tors. About once a week the round-table discussions of bomb, or Palestine, or it Nations, but their own polls it such shows are not popular.

Cornell, one of the few st its own Associated Press tele broadcast good news summa ing last November's elections, the whole town of Ithaca wi news-for the regular local st goes off the air at sundown,

The regular radio industry i the collegians with interest. for the last several years college-radio alumni have for regular radio, as technicians, as announcers.

College radio is beginning to radio industry in the same was mer stock serves Broadwayground for new talent.

